



Purchase Order

papiNet Standard - Version 2.31

Documentation

**Global Standard for the Paper and Forest
Products Supply Chain**

January 2009

Production Release

Purchase Order

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PurchaseOrder Documentation

Introduction

This document is designed for use within the Book Manufacturing Industry, consisting of publishers, printers, and component suppliers including paper. It is based upon the standard papiNet Purchase Order message document, but customized to fit the Book Manufacturing Industry usage of the message. It will be useful to become acquainted with certain papiNet documents such as the Data Dictionary and Business Process. These can be found at the papiNet site, <http://www.papinet.org>.

Whether to use the Book specific purchase order message or the standard papiNet message, which was designed for paper purchases, will be determined by trading partner agreement.

An Overview of the Purchase Order Message

A buyer sends a purchase order message to a supplier to initiate a trade transaction. This message, which is a request for product, represents a firm commitment to buy. (For one type of purchase order, called a reservation order, the purchase order is not a firm commitment to buy.)

A purchase order may be preceded by a quotation request. It may also refer to prior agreements between the parties such as:

- A contract, which is an agreement between a buyer and a supplier that can specify price, terms and conditions, products, and quantities to be provided over a given period of time.
- A specification, which is a definition of the manufacturing requirements for a specified product.
- A blanket order, which is an agreement between a buyer and a supplier for a given period of time. A blanket order, which typically specifies a particular product, may also specify the maximum volume or amount to be spent with a supplier.

There are seven types of purchase orders. These messages can be used to specify quantities of product(s) to be purchased, release product(s) to be manufactured, order product samples, book manufacturing capacity, and confirm an order placed by fax, phone, or email.

The Scope of Purchase Order Message

The purchase order message must include:

- Products and quantities to be delivered
- The characteristics of the product(s) requested
- Ship-to party

The purchase order message can include:

- Requested delivery date and time

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- The price of the product
- Other special instructions

Using this information, the supplier can:

- Begin to plan for the manufacturing process

PurchaseOrderType [attribute]

Defines the type of purchase order issued.

This item is restricted to the following list.

attribute	
PurchaseOrderType	
type	purchaseOrderType

BlanketOrder

An order that communicates the same information as a StandardOrder but also indicates that the order may be completed over a period of time or, until a certain volume is achieved or, until a certain currency amount is spent.

ConfirmingOrder

A confirming order is used to electronically confirm an order that has not been placed electronically by the customer that is, it was placed using another means such as fax, phone or email.

ConsumptionOrder

A purchase order that is based upon consumption for a particular period of time or instance.

ReleaseOrder

A release order is used to release a product to be made. This type of order refers to a previous order or agreement, such as a reservation order, a contract, or a blanket order. A release number version which is an incremented number, is used in this type.

ReservationOrder

A reservation order is used to book a paper supplier's capacity for specific quantities of specific products, but it is not yet a firm commitment to buy. Consequently, all line items of a reservation order have a ProductionStatusType of NotFree. To release one or more purchase order line items of a reservation order, a buyer can use a standard order or a release order.

StandardOrder

A standard order is a regular one-time order. It defines quantities for one or more products to be purchased and may also define a delivery location and date. A standard order may reference a previous agreement (for example, a quotation, a contract, or a reservation order) for information.

TrialOrder

A trial order is used whenever a seller has agreed to have a buyer sample a product. The seller needs to process this order differently from other orders, because a trial order may include a product sold at a discounted rate or even

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provided for free. A trial order typically is for small quantities.

Business Rules for PurchaseOrder

General Business Rules

The following table list the business rules that apply to purchase orders. There are no rules that apply only to a specific purchase order message type.

Identifier	Business Rule
ORD001	There are five types of purchase order messages: BlanketOrder, ConfirmingOrder, ConsumptionOrder, ReleaseOrder, ReservationOrder, StandardOrder, TrialOrder
ORD002	A PurchaseOrder contains one or more PurchaseOrderLineItem(s).
ORD003	A PurchaseOrderLineItem contains one product. This is specified in Product and identified in the ProductIdentifier.
ORD004	A PurchaseOrderLineItem is uniquely identified by a PurchaseOrderLineItemNumber, which is never deleted even if the PurchaseOrderLineItem is cancelled.
ORD005	A PurchaseOrderHeader can specify only one ShipToParty. The buyer can, however, specify multiple ship-to parties at the PurchaseOrderLineItem level. A PurchaseOrderLineItem ShipToParty overrides a PurchaseOrderHeader ShipToParty.
ORD006	A PurchaseOrderLineItem can specify only one ShipToParty. When a supplier needs to deliver one product to two different ship-to parties, the buyer must include two PurchaseOrderLineItem(s). Note: Both the CallOff and ShippingInstructions messages provide the capability to update ShipTo information.
ORD007	Transport information is optional. It may appear at either the PurchaseOrderHeader or the PurchaseOrderLineItem level, depending on transport requirements. The information in the

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Identifier	Business Rule
	PurchaseOrderLineItem overrides the information at the PurchaseOrderHeader.
ORD008	To place a release against a contract, a blanket order, or a ReservationOrder, a buyer uses a ReleaseOrder.
ORD009	A ReleaseOrder must contain a reference to a contract, blanket order, or ReservationOrder in the PurchaseOrderInformation.

Paper Manufacturing Business Rules

Identifier	Business Rule
ORD010	An ActionType of "Special" for either ReelPackagingCharacteristics or SheetPackagingCharacteristics indicates that the information contained is unique to the PurchaseOrder and the PurchaseOrderLineItem.

Processing the Purchase Order Message

Message processing depends on the type of purchase order and values of the three status fields used within the document: message, header, and line item. The status at the message level dictates the statuses at the header and line items levels that can be used.

At the message level, the values for the PurchaseOrderStatusType field are "Amended", "Cancelled", and "Original". The values that are available for the header and line item status fields are "Amended", "Cancelled", "New", and "NoAction".

Notes:

- The PurchaseOrderHeaderStatusType and PurchaseOrderLineItemStatusType always match the PurchaseOrderStatusType.
- The order confirmation message, sent from the supplier to the buyer in response to a purchase order, completes the purchase order messaging loop.

The buyer may resend the purchase order to the supplier with two other statuses: "Amended" or "Cancelled". An amended purchase order includes an amended header and/or line items that are amended, added, cancelled, or not changed from the previous purchase order.

Status Values Used When Processing the PurchaseOrder

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Message

The status of the PurchaseOrder message is communicated by the following attributes of PurchaseOrder, the PurchaseOrderStatusType.

- Original – Indicates that this is the first transmission of the message.
- Amended – Indicates that the buyer wants to amend the message by changing the header and/or adding, amending, or cancelling line items.
- Cancelled – Indicates that the buyer wants to cancel the message (and therefore the commitment between the parties).

When a buyer sends a purchase order to a seller, the PurchaseOrderStatusType at the message level has a status of "Original" and both the PurchaseOrderHeaderStatusType and PurchaseOrderLineItemStatusType are set to "New". When an item is added to an existing order the PurchaseOrderLineItemStatusType of "New" is used.

When a buyer decides to cancel an entire order the PurchaseOrderStatusType, PurchaseOrderHeaderStatusType, and PurchaseOrderLineItemStatusType will all be "Cancelled".

If a line item is cancelled the PurchaseOrderLineItemStatusType will be "Cancelled". If all line items are "Cancelled" then the order is cancelled and all statuses will indicate this. The PurchaseOrderHeaderStatusType will only be "Cancelled" when the message is "Cancelled".

When a buyer communicates order changes an "Amended" status is set at the message, the header, and the line item where the change(s) are taking place. If only one line item of a multi line order is changed the PurchaseOrderStatusType will be "Amended" and the line item's PurchaseOrderLineItemStatusType will be "Amended". If there are particular line items of a document with an "Amended" status that have no changes the "NoAction" status will be used. If the header has no changes then the PurchaseOrderHeaderStatusType will be "NoAction".

If only one line item of a multi line order is "Cancelled" the PurchaseOrderStatusType will be "Amended" and the associated PurchaseOrderLineItemStatusType will be "Cancelled". All other line items will have a status of "NoAction".

Geographic Practices

North American buyers typically include a delivery schedule in their purchase orders. In contrast, European buyers often provide delivery information in call off messages rather than in purchase orders. When buyers expect to send call off messages, they include start call off dates in their purchase orders. Suppliers are then expected to make the product(s) specified in the order available for call off on the start call off date.

Another difference between North American and European practices is the use of a reservation order to book mill capacity. In Europe, commercial printing or packaging buyers commonly book paper machine capacity in anticipation of,

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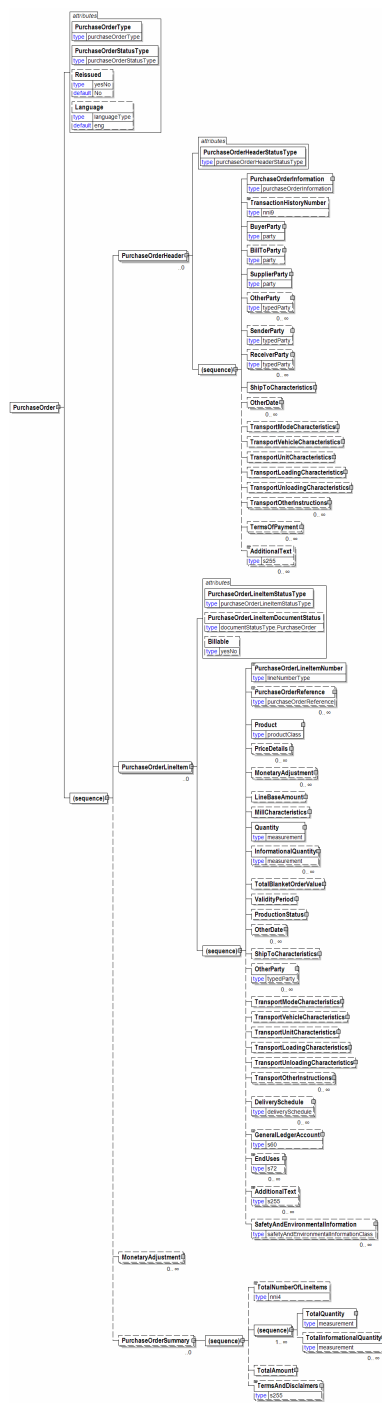
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but prior to, a customer confirming the job. Once the job confirmation has been received, these buyers will authorize the paper mill to release production at the appropriate time.

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PurchaseOrder Structure



Understanding the Diagrams and Content

This section provides a graphical view of the schema structures, a discussion of the item's children. You can find additional information about papiNet and the standard at www.papiNet.org.

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The graphics contain content model indicators, cardinality indicators, and data type information.

Associated with each graphic are the definitions for the parent item and any associated child items. All attributes are listed first, followed by the elements.

The following information should help you interpret and understand this standard. Please note the following:

- Content Model and Cardinality operate together to determine if the element or attribute are required in the instance document.
- The same attribute can never appear multiple times in the same element so, you will never see a multiple cardinality indicator.

Content model indicators:

There are three possible types of content: "sequence", "choice", and "all". The papiNet standard currently does not use the "all" construct.

- (sequence)

The sequence of the items to the right of the graphic (or below the text) is required.

- (choice)

A choice of the items to the right of the graphic (or below the text) is permitted.

- (all)

All the items to the right of the graphic are required.

Cardinality indicators:

- Dotted line around element or attribute.

A single instance of the item can optionally exist.

- Dotted line around item with range indicated below.

Multiple instances of the item can optionally exist.

- Solid line around item.

A single instance of the item must exist.

- Solid line around item with range indicated below

At least one instance must exist; multiple instances can optionally exist.

Datatype indication:

When a data type is assigned to an element (either a simple type or complex type the name of the data type is presented beneath the item name in the graphic.

- In some cases additional information about the data type is presented (the default value).

Elements can either have content that is textual/numeric in nature or content that is made up of additional elements and/or attributes.

- When the content is textual/numeric in nature "three straight horizontal lines" will appear in the upper left-hand corner of the graphic. Pay attention to these elements because they are where you will be entering

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your information.

- When the content is made up of additional elements and/or attributes a "gray-box" will appear on the right-hand side of the graphic.
- If the graphic shows both the horizontal lines and the gray-box then, in the papiNet standard, the content below the element are attributes.

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Purchase Order Root Element

PurchaseOrder

The root element of the Purchase Order message.

PurchaseOrderStatusType **[attribute]**

*PurchaseOrderStatusType is mandatory.
A single instance is required.*

Defines the status of the entire purchase order message, in other words, at the root level

This item is restricted to the following list.

Amended

Either the seller or the buyer has changed the header information.

Cancelled

The buyer has cancelled a line item that was sent in a previous message. Lines that have been cancelled are not included in Totals on the Summary levels of the message.

Original

The message information is the first version of that information.

PurchaseOrderType [attribute]

PurchaseOrderType is mandatory. A single instance is required.

Defines the type of purchase order issued.

This item is restricted to the following list.

BlanketOrder

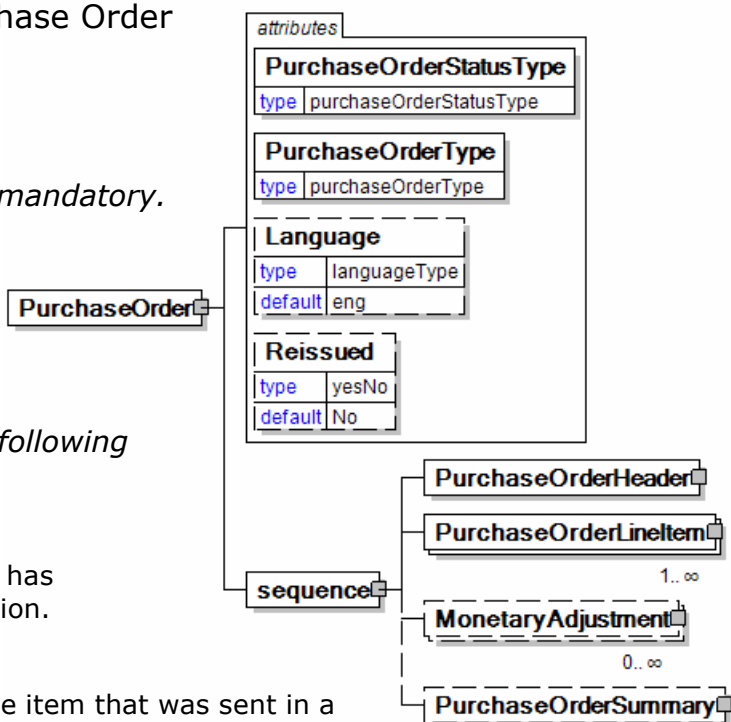
An order that communicates the same information as a StandardOrder but also indicates that the order may be completed over a period of time or, until a certain volume is achieve or, until a certain currency amount is spent.

ConfirmingOrder

A confirming order is used to electronically confirm an order that has not been placed electronically by the customer that is, it was placed using another mean such as fax, phone or email.

ConsumptionOrder

A purchase order that is based upon consumption for a particular period of time or instance.



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ReleaseOrder

A release order is used to release a product to be made. This type of order refers to a previous order or agreement, such as a reservation order, a contract, or a blanket order. A release number version which is an incremented number, is used in this type.

ReservationOrder

A reservation order is used to book a paper supplier's capacity for specific quantities of specific products, but it is not yet a firm commitment to buy. Consequently, all line items of a reservation order have a ProductionStatusType of NotFree. To release one or more purchase order line items of a reservation order, a buyer can use a standard order or a release order.

StandardOrder

A standard order is a regular one-time order. It defines quantities for one or more products to be purchased and may also define a delivery location and date. A standard order may reference a previous agreement (for example, a quotation, a contract, or a reservation order) for information.

TrialOrder

A trial order is used whenever a seller has agreed to have a buyer sample a product. The seller needs to process this order differently from other orders, because a trial order may include a product sold at a discounted rate or even provided for free. A trial order typically is for small quantities.

Language [attribute]

Language is optional. A single instance might exist.

XML has embraced 2 and 3 digit language codes through the application of an addendum to the standard.

Information on the content of this attribute is available at <http://www.loc.gov/standards/iso639-2/> this is the official site of the ISO 639-2 Registration Authority.

- <http://www.w3.org/International/O-HTML-tags.html> provides an explanation of the errata updating XML.
- <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3066.txt> is the key document that is referenced in the above errata.

Reissued [attribute]

Reissued is optional. A single instance might exist.

Either "Yes" or "No".

This item is restricted to the following list.

Yes

No

(sequence)

The contents of (sequence) are mandatory. A single instance is required.

PurchaseOrderHeader

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PurchaseOrderHeader is mandatory. A single instance is required.

The header level of information for the Purchase Order containing information that relates to the entire Purchase Order.

PurchaseOrderLineItem

PurchaseOrderLineItem is mandatory. One instance is required, multiple instances might exist.

PurchaseOrderLineItem is a required, multiple instances element.

MonetaryAdjustment

MonetaryAdjustment is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

The element containing the information necessary for the understanding, calculation, and treatment of an adjustment to a currency amount.

MonetaryAdjustment contains an attribute that indicates the type of adjustment being communicated.

PurchaseOrderSummary

PurchaseOrderSummary is optional. A single instance might exist.

PurchaseOrderSummary is required and single instance

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New

This is the first time the message has been sent.

NoAction

This call-off header has not been amended and thereby requires no action.

(sequence)

The contents of (sequence) are mandatory. A single instance is required.

PurchaseOrderInformation

PurchaseOrderInformation is mandatory. A single instance is required.

A group item containing information unique to this purchase order, which is provided by the buyer. PurchaseOrderInformation can be optional in the supply chain. Invoices are created without having a Purchase Order in Vendor Managed Inventory. Freight invoices also will not have a Purchase Order number.

TransactionHistoryNumber

TransactionHistoryNumber is optional. A single instance might exist.

A sequential number that keeps track of the version of a document being sent by the document originator except in the case where TransactionHistoryConfirmation is used, in which case the TransactionHistoryNumber refers to the trigger transaction for which the confirmation is being sent.

BuyerParty

BuyerParty is mandatory. A single instance is required.

The legal entity to which the product is sold. Also commonly referred to as the sold-to party or customer. If no OtherParty is defined as the Payer, the Buyer is the Payer.

BillToParty

BillToParty is optional. A single instance might exist.

The address where the invoice is to be sent.

SupplierParty

SupplierParty is mandatory. A single instance is required.

The organisation or business entity responsible for providing the product. SupplierParty is also the seller of the product, if Seller is not specified as OtherParty = Seller.

OtherParty

OtherParty is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

An organisation or business entity other than those specifically detailed within a business document.

SenderParty

SenderParty is optional. A single instance might exist.

The business entity issuing the business document, the source of the document.

- This is the same entity as the "From" party in the ebXML message service envelope. The entity responsible for the content. If the sender party has out

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sourced the transmission function to a third party the sender party is the original party not the party performing the transmission service.

ReceiverParty

ReceiverParty is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

The business entity for whom the business document is intended, the destination of the document.

- This is the same entity as the "To" party in the ebXML message service envelop. The entity interested in the content. If the receiver party has outsourced the message receipt function to a third party the receiver party is the intended party not the party performing the receiving process.

ShipToCharacteristics

ShipToCharacteristics is mandatory. A single instance is required.

A group item that provides information important for the Ship-To Party.

A group item that provides information important for the Ship-To Party. ShipToCharacteristics may be referenced at both the header and line item level. The reference at the header is required and acts as a default for the value at the line level, unless overridden at the line level.

OtherDate

OtherDate is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

A date that may not be specifically detailed within a document (example: print date at the PurchaseOrderLineItem).

TransportModeCharacteristics

TransportModeCharacteristics is optional. A single instance might exist.

A group item defining the primary mode of transport.

TransportVehicleCharacteristics

TransportVehicleCharacteristics is optional. A single instance might exist.

A group item defining the primary means of transporting the goods, such as a side port vessel. In some instances, the transport unit and vehicle are the same.

TransportUnitCharacteristics

TransportUnitCharacteristics is optional. A single instance might exist.

A group item defining and identifying the primary means of containing the goods. In some instances, the transport unit and vehicle are the same.

TransportLoadingCharacteristics

TransportLoadingCharacteristics is optional. A single instance might exist.

A group item defining how the transported items are to be loaded.

TransportUnloadingCharacteristics

TransportUnloadingCharacteristics is optional. A single instance might exist.

A group item defining how the transported items are to be unloaded.

TransportOtherInstructions

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TransportOtherInstructions is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

A group item defining any other instructions for the transport not covered in the description of transport mode, vehicle, unit, and loading characteristics or defining an alternative description for the categories mentioned above.

TermsOfPayment

TermsOfPayment is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

A group item that contains agreed-to terms defining when, how, and under what conditions the payment is to be made.

When TermsOfPayment is optional; if omitted, TermsOfPayment is controlled through previous negotiation.

AdditionalText

AdditionalText is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

A text field that is used to communicate information not previously defined or for special instructions. To be used only for circumstances not covered by specific elements.

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PurchaseOrderLineItem

PurchaseOrderLineItem is a required, multiple instances element.

PurchaseOrderLineItemStatusType [attribute]

PurchaseOrderLineItemStatusType is mandatory. A single instance is required.

Defines the status of the purchase order line item

This item is restricted to the following list.

Amended

Either the seller or the buyer has changed the header information.

Cancelled

The buyer has cancelled a line item that was sent in a previous message. Lines that have been cancelled are not included in Totals on the Summary levels of the message.

New

This is the first time the message has been sent.

NoAction

This call-off header has not been amended and thereby requires no action.

PurchaseOrderLineItemDocumentStatus [attribute]

PurchaseOrderLineItemDocumentStatus is optional. A single instance might exist.

Defines the actual document status for the PurchaseOrderLineItem.

This item is restricted to the following list.

Cancelled

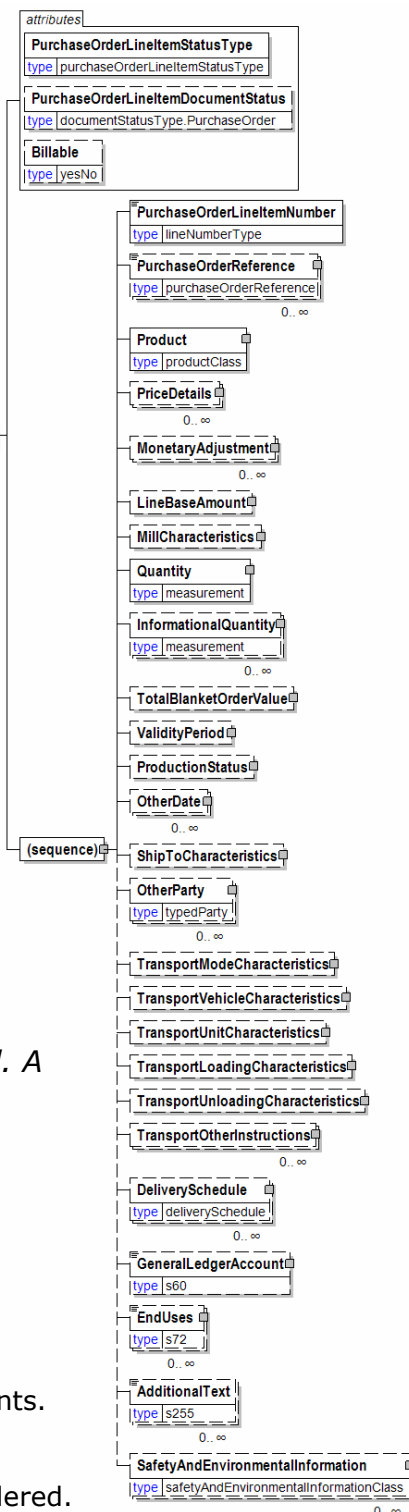
The supplied information of the document item is cancelled. Items that have been cancelled are not included in totals on the summary level of e-documents.

Requested

The supplied information of the document item is ordered.

Billable [attribute]

Billable is optional. A single instance might exist.



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Either "Yes" or "No".

This item is restricted to the following list.

Yes

No

(sequence)

The sequence of items below is mandatory. A single instance is required.

PurchaseOrderLineNumber

PurchaseOrderLineNumber is mandatory. A single instance is required.

The sequential number that uniquely identifies the purchase order line item.

PurchaseOrderReference

PurchaseOrderReference is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

An item detailing relevant references (such as contract number) pertaining to the purchase order. The type of reference is identified by the PurchaseOrderReferenceType attribute.

Product

Product is mandatory. A single instance is required.

Product is a group item defining the article and its characteristics. Product is used to specify product characteristics organized by ProductIdentifier, ProductDescription, and Classification. Book Manufacturing, Label Stock, Paper, Pulp, Recovered Paper, Wood Products, and Virgin Fibre market segments have defined their product characteristics and conversion features for implementation in papiNet.

PriceDetails

PriceDetails is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

An element that groups together price information.

MonetaryAdjustment

MonetaryAdjustment is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

The element containing the information necessary for the understanding, calculation, and treatment of an adjustment to a currency amount. MonetaryAdjustment contains an attribute that indicates the type of adjustment being communicated.

LineBaseAmount

LineBaseAmount is optional. A single instance might exist.

For the particular e-business document being communicated the LineBaseAmount represents the quantity times the base unit price.

MillCharacteristics

MillCharacteristics is optional. A single instance might exist.

A group item defining the mill party and machine identifier where a product is or

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was produced.

Quantity

Quantity is mandatory. A single instance is required.

The Quantity element contains attributes that provide information about the type of quantity that is being communicated, the context in which the particular quantity is to be viewed, and (if the quantity represents an adjustment) an adjustment type.

The Quantity element contains three child elements that enable you to communicate a range of values for the quantity and a target or actual value. It is at this level (Value, RangeMin, and RangeMax) that the unit of measure is specified. This permits the range to be specified in a different unit of measure than the target.

InformationalQuantity

InformationalQuantity is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

A quantity given in a valid UOM used for information purposes only (not for calculation). For example, an ordered quantity was 100 reels as opposed to the invoice quantity of 20,000 pounds.

TotalBlanketOrderValue

TotalBlanketOrderValue is optional. A single instance might exist.

The authorized amount of the blanket purchase order.

ValidityPeriod

ValidityPeriod is optional. A single instance might exist.

The validity period for a blanket purchase order or product attributes definition.

ProductionStatus

ProductionStatus is optional. A single instance might exist.

A group item used to communicate the release of a delivery line number.

OtherDate

OtherDate is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

A date that may not be specifically detailed within a document (example: print date at the PurchaseOrderLineItem).

ShipToCharacteristics

ShipToCharacteristics is optional. A single instance might exist.

A group item that provides information important for the Ship-To Party.

A group item that provides information important for the Ship-To Party. ShipToCharacteristics may be referenced at both the header and line item level. The reference at the header is required and acts as a default for the value at the line level, unless overridden at the line level.

OtherParty

OtherParty is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

An organisation or business entity other than those specifically detailed within a

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business document.

TransportModeCharacteristics

TransportModeCharacteristics is optional. A single instance might exist.

A group item defining the primary mode of transport.

TransportVehicleCharacteristics

TransportVehicleCharacteristics is optional. A single instance might exist.

A group item defining the primary means of transporting the goods, such as a side port vessel. In some instances, the transport unit and vehicle are the same.

TransportUnitCharacteristics

TransportUnitCharacteristics is optional. A single instance might exist.

A group item defining and identifying the primary means of containing the goods. In some instances, the transport unit and vehicle are the same.

TransportLoadingCharacteristics

TransportLoadingCharacteristics is optional. A single instance might exist.

A group item defining how the transported items are to be loaded.

TransportUnloadingCharacteristics

TransportUnloadingCharacteristics is optional. A single instance might exist.

A group item defining how the transported items are to be unloaded.

TransportOtherInstructions

TransportOtherInstructions is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

A group item defining any other instructions for the transport not covered in the description of transport mode, vehicle, unit, and loading characteristics or defining an alternative description for the categories mentioned above.

DeliverySchedule

DeliverySchedule is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

A group item defining a series of DeliveryDateWindow(s) in which specified quantities must be delivered.

GeneralLedgerAccount

GeneralLedgerAccount is optional. A single instance might exist.

The general ledger account to be referenced for the item.

EndUses

EndUses is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

A text element used to express in human readable form a list of applicable end uses for a product. Examples of end uses are:

- Magazine
- Book
- Commercial print

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- etc

AdditionalText

AdditionalText is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

A text field that is used to communicate information not previously defined or for special instructions. To be used only for circumstances not covered by specific elements.

SafetyAndEnvironmentalInformation

SafetyAndEnvironmentalInformation is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

Name of certification type, if any, on the goods (For example, FSC, PEFC). SafetyAndEnvironmental needs a value or measurement to communicate the percentage of the product is certified (for example, 75% is certified by the indicated agency).

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MonetaryAdjustment

The element containing the information necessary for the understanding, calculation, and treatment of an adjustment to a currency amount. MonetaryAdjustment contains an attribute that indicates they type of adjustment being communicated.

AdjustmentType [attribute]

AdjustmentType is mandatory. A single instance is required.

Describes the type of adjustment applied to a monetary oriented element. Adjustments values should always be given as negative or positive adjustments even if AdjustmentType indicates the sign. For example, a rebate of 1% on an invoice should be given as an adjustment percentage of -1%.

This item is restricted to the following list.

BillOfLadingCharge

An extra charge for creating a Bill of Lading.

CancellationCharge

A charge applied because a cancellation was late (after the last date of change) and all or part of the ordered product has already been made.

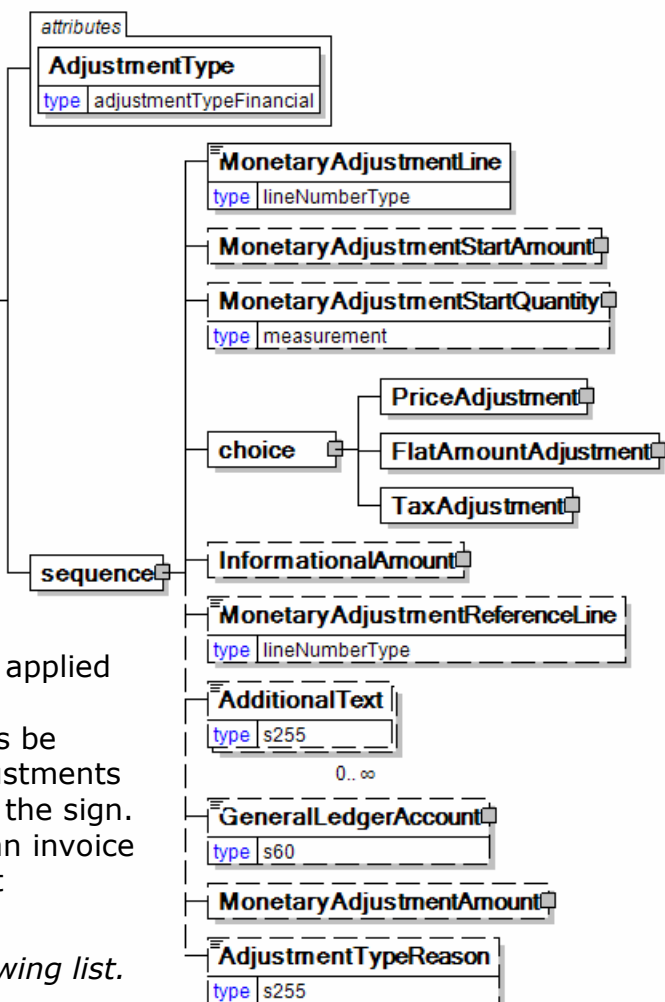
CashDiscount

A reduction due to a discount applied.

CertificateCharge

An extra charge for creating a certificate. Some countries requires Certificates in which different characteristics of the delivery, transport unit, route, product, and others must be proved.

There are certificates for gasen pallets, for the place of production, for the age of the ship/vessel, for not departing from one country's harbour when delivering to another.



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ChargesForward

A pending invoice amount brought forward from a previous invoice.

ClaimAdjustment

An adjustment related to a filed complaint.

Commission

Commission costs paid to the trading agency or trader.

CompetitiveAllowance

An allowance provided for competitive reasons.

CongestionCharge

An extra fee from ports for waiting time of ships in ports, railcars on a siding, trucks at a dock. (Synonym: Demurrage.)

ConsigneeUnloadCharge

An unloading charge that is the responsibility of the consignee.

ContractAllowance

An allowance for a volume discount, usually because the agreed amount has been exceeded.

CurrencyAdjustmentCharge

An extra fee to adjust for currency variations.

DecimalRounding

Adjustments for rounding of total amounts to fit the business agreement or national monetary legislation.

For example, Finland does not use smaller than 5 cent coins. All cash payments are rounded to a 5 cent divisible amount according to national legislation. Alternatetively, certain market segments prefer to remove all decimals.

DefectiveAllowance

An allowance provided for defective material.

DeliveryCharge

The charge for delivering the product.

DeliveryNonConformanceAllowance

An allowance due to non-conformance with the purchase agreement regarding a delivery.

EarlyShipAllowance

An allowance due to a delivery that took place earlier than planned. The seller may be charged a penalty. If this is found before issuing the invoice, it can be handled through this allowance. If found later, it will be handled through a credit note.

EnergySurcharge

A charge related to increases in the cost of energy.

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Environmental

An allowance applied due to environmental regulations.

ExpeditedShipmentCharge

An extra cost charged due to unexpected or emergency requirements (for example, breaking off a run in the mill to reach the production date for a rush order).

ExportClearanceCharge

An extra fee for customs administration.

FlatRateCharge

A general flat charge.

FreightAllowance

The freight cost allowed by the mill. This amount is negative, and will be deducted from the invoice (U.S. business practice, in the European Union (EU), use only Freight Charge).

FreightCharge

The actual cost incurred to deliver the product. This amount is positive, and will be added to the invoice.

FuelAdjustmentCharge

An extra fee, usually from shipping companies, to adjust fuel prices.

HandlingCharge

A charge related to the handling of the product.

Inspection

The cost associated with performing an inspection of the product.

InterestCharge

A charge applied for interest on overdue payments.

LabourAllowance

An allowance due to additional labour required in the use or acceptance of the product.

LabourCharge

A charge due to additional labour required in the use or acceptance of the product.

LotCharge

A charge applied to the lot of material.

MetalDetection

A charge for additional metal detection applied to the goods.

ModelHomeDiscount

A discount associated with the building of the model home.

NewStoreCouponDiscount

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A discount associated with entry into a new store.

OrderQuantity

A charge or allowance for small/big ordered quantities.

PalletCharge

A charge that represents the cost or rental of the pallet.

PickUpAllowance

An allowance provided to compensate for the cost of picking up the product.

PromotionalAllowance

An allowance provided for the promotion of the product.

PromotionalCharge

A charge associated with the promotion of the product.

PriceCorrection

An adjustment associated with a correction of the product's price.

ProductionSetUpCharge

A special charge applied due to specific buyer requests.

Provision

The act of making ready or equipping for use.

Rebate

A rebate accepted by the buyer and seller based on the agreed price and volume.

ReelDiscount

An allowance for purchasing reels instead of sheets.

ReturnedLoadAllowance

An allowance applied due to the return of the load.

ReturnLoadCharge

A charge applied due to the return of the load.

RoadFeeCharge

A freight charge for a special tax applied to road transports in some countries, e.g. Germany

ScrapAndDunnageCharge

A charge that represents the scrapping of the material and its removal.

ServiceCharge

A charge associated with a miscellaneous service.

SpecialConversionCharge

Additional charge for a special conversion of the product.

SpecialDeliveryCharge

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A special charge for delivering the product differently from the usual or agreed-to method.

SpecialHandlingCharge

A special charge for handling the product differently from the usual or agreed-to method.

SpecialPackagingCharge

A special charge for packaging the product differently from the usual or agreed-to method, or if packaging as requested is out of spec.

StopOffAllowance

An allowance for a delivery stop-off.

StopOffCharge

A charge for a delivery stop-off.

StorageAllowance

An allowance for storing the product.

StorageCharge

An extra cost charged for storing the product on location (in the plant).

Tax

An adjustment that reflects a tax item.

TestingCharge

A charge related to testing a paper grade.

TradeDiscount

A discount based on the terms of the trade given on the agreed price. Usually a percentage.

TrialDiscount

A discount applied for a trial run of a new or improved product.

TransferCharge

A freight charge incurred by the goods transfer from one location to another location not previously agreed upon.

UnloadingAllowance

An allowance to compensate for the unloading the product.

UnloadingCharge

A charge for the unloading the product.

VolumeDiscount

A rebate accepted by the buyer and the seller based on the agreed volume

WarRiskCharge

An extra fee from transport companies for transport units that cross war zones.

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Other

Any other adjustment not covered by the attribute list.

(sequence)

The contents of (sequence) are mandatory. A single instance is required.

MonetaryAdjustmentLine

MonetaryAdjustmentLine is mandatory. A single instance is required.

A sequence number indicating the order of printing or the sequence in which a group of adjustments are to be considered.

MonetaryAdjustmentStartAmount

MonetaryAdjustmentStartAmount is optional. A single instance might exist.

The beginning currency amount used in the calculation of a monetary adjustment.

MonetaryAdjustmentStartQuantity

MonetaryAdjustmentStartQuantity is optional. A single instance might exist.

The beginning quantity used in the calculation of a monetary adjustment.

(choice)

The contents of (choice) are mandatory. A single instance is required.

PriceAdjustment

PriceAdjustment is mandatory. A single instance is required.

A group item defining a deviation from the PricePerUnit.

FlatAmountAdjustment

FlatAmountAdjustment is mandatory. A single instance is required.

A group item that contains flat adjustment amount information.

TaxAdjustment

TaxAdjustment is mandatory. A single instance is required.

This content element contains the necessary information to describe, calculate, and handle a tax adjustment.

InformationalAmount

InformationalAmount is optional. A single instance might exist.

A monetary amount used for information purposes only (not for calculation). For example, the invoice price adjustment subtotal is expressed in sterling pounds, and the buyer wants this information expressed in U.S. dollars.

- CreditDebitNote and Invoice - The TaxAmount is displayed in the currency that is applicable throughout the message. When a TaxAmount needs to be displayed in a different national currency, this field is used.

MonetaryAdjustmentReferenceLine

MonetaryAdjustmentReferenceLine is optional. A single instance might exist.

A link to a previously defined MonetaryAdjustmentLine upon which this adjustment

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is based.

AdditionalText

AdditionalText is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

A text field that is used to communicate information not previously defined or for special instructions. To be used only for circumstances not covered by specific elements.

GeneralLedgerAccount

GeneralLedgerAccount is optional. A single instance might exist.

The general ledger account to be referenced for the item.

MonetaryAdjustmentAmount

MonetaryAdjustmentAmount is optional. A single instance might exist.

The actual amount of the monetary adjustment.

AdjustmentTypeReason

AdjustmentTypeReason is optional. A single instance might exist.

Provides additional information about the type of adjustment. Can be viewed as a sub-classification of the adjustment type attribute or as a textual explanation.

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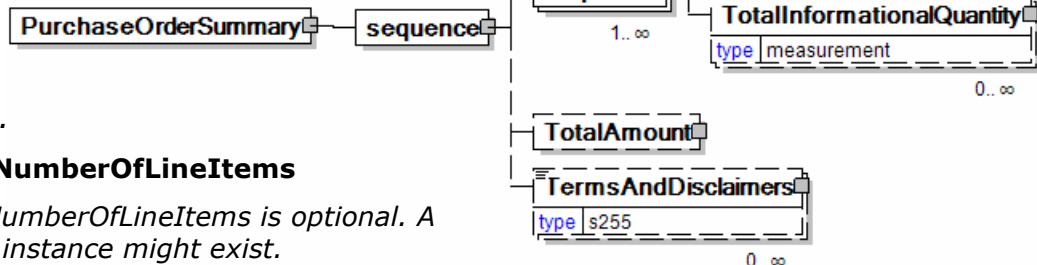
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PurchaseOrderSummary

PurchaseOrderSummary is required and single instance

(sequence)

The contents of (sequence) are mandatory. A single instance is



required.

TotalNumberOfLineItems

TotalNumberOfLineItems is optional. A single instance might exist.

The total number of individual line items in the document, regardless of the status or type.

(sequence)

The contents of (sequence) are mandatory. One instance is required, multiple instances might exist.

TotalQuantity

TotalQuantity is mandatory. A single instance is required.

The total quantity of similar items in the business document. TotalQuantity is primarily used in the summary section of documents where it is repeatable to permit totaling for different units of measure.

TotalInformationalQuantity

TotalInformationalQuantity is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

A quantity that is used to communicate related information about the parent element. This element represents a total that is derived from individual line items.

TotalAmount

TotalAmount is optional. A single instance might exist.

A field containing the total amount including tax.

- PurchaseOrder: The total amount, using a valid unit of measure of all the items in the message. Multiple total amounts are allowed so different units of measure or grade sub-totals can be communicated.
- CreditDebitNote and Invoice: TotalAmount is equal to TotalNetAmount plus TotalTaxAmount. In certain countries this is the amount that is due for payment based upon the terms of payment.

TermsAndDisclaimers

TermsAndDisclaimers is optional. Multiple instances might exist.

An element that contains legal information with an indication of what the Language

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is.

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PurchaseOrder Business Scenarios

PurchaseOrder Scenario Listing

Scenario A	Buyer makes a request to order and issues an original single-line PurchaseOrder that is New to the Supplier.
Scenario B	Buyer withdraws order request and therefore Cancelled a single-line PurchaseOrder.
Scenario C	Buyer would like to make changes to an order and makes an amendment to an existing PurchaseOrder and only Amended header information on the PurchaseOrder.
Scenario D	Buyer would like to make changes to an order and makes an amendment to an existing PurchaseOrder and only Amended line item information on the PurchaseOrder.
Scenario E	Buyer would like to make changes to an order and makes an amendment to an existing PurchaseOrder. The Buyer would like to add a New line item.
Scenario F	Buyer would like to make multiple changes to an order and makes an amendment to an existing PurchaseOrder. The Buyer Amended line item one, Cancelled line item two, did NoAction to line item three, and added a New line item four.
Scenario G	Buyer places a ReservationOrder to gain a commitment to manufacture a product at a later date.
Scenario H	Buyer places a ReleaseOrder to authorize the manufacture of the product above, referenced in a Reservation Order.

Scenario A

Message	PurchaseOrder
Type	StandardOrder
Scenario	Buyer issues a single-line PurchaseOrder that is

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	accepted by the Supplier.
Outcome	An original Purchase Order is entered into the Buyer's system and received into the Supplier's system.
Initiator	Buyer
Receiver	Supplier
Trigger	None
Step 1.	<p>Buyer enters an original Purchase Order into their system then sends it to the Supplier. At a minimum, all required elements and corresponding attributes are entered.</p> <p>Statuses sent within the message:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PurchaseOrderStatusType = "Original" • PurchaseOrderHeaderStatusType = "New" • PurchaseOrderLineItemStatusType = "New"

Scenario B

Message	PurchaseOrder
Type	Standard Order
Scenario	Buyer cancels an existing single-line PurchaseOrder.
Outcome	Purchase Order is cancelled in the Buyer's and Supplier's system.
Initiator	Buyer
Receiver	Supplier
Preconditions	An Original Purchase Order must have been sent by Buyer to Supplier.
Trigger	None
Step 1.	<p>Buyer resends the complete Purchase Order to the Supplier with all statuses as cancelled.</p> <p>Statuses sent within the message:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PurchaseOrderStatusType = "Cancelled" • PurchaseOrderHeaderStatusType =

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	"Cancelled" • PurchaseOrderLineItemType = "Cancelled"
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Scenario C

Message	PurchaseOrder
Type	StandardOrder
Scenario	Buyer issues an Amendment to a PurchaseOrder that contains a change to Header information only.
Outcome	The Purchase Order is changed in the Buyer's and Supplier's system.
Initiator	Buyer
Receiver	Supplier
Preconditions	An Original Purchase Order must have been sent by Buyer to Supplier.
Trigger	None
Step 1.	Buyer enters all of the original Purchase Order information into their system along with the amended header information then sends it to the Supplier. Statuses sent within the message: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PurchaseOrderStatusType = "Amendment" • PurchaseOrderHeaderStatusType = "Amended" • PurchaseOrderLineItemType = "NoAction"

Scenario D

Message	PurchaseOrder
Type	StandardOrder
Scenario	Buyer issues an Amendment to an existing PurchaseOrder that contains a change to line item information only.

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Outcome	The Purchase Order is changed in the Buyer's and Supplier's system.
Initiator	Buyer
Receiver	Supplier
Preconditions	An Original Purchase Order must have been sent by Buyer to Supplier.
Trigger	None
Step 1.	<p>Buyer enters existing Purchase Order information into their system along with the changed information at the line item and then sends it to the Supplier.</p> <p>Statuses sent within the message:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PurchaseOrderStatusType = "Amendment" • PurchaseOrderHeaderStatusType = "NoAction" • PurchaseOrderLineItemStatusType = "Amended"

Scenario F

Message	PurchaseOrder
Type	StandardOrder
Scenario	Buyer issues an Amendment to an existing PurchaseOrder. The Buyer Amended line item one, Cancelled line item two, did NoAction to line item three, and added a new line item.
Outcome	The Purchase Order is changed in the Buyer's and Supplier's system that includes a change on line item one, a cancelled line item two, and a new line item, four, on the order.
Initiator	Buyer
Receiver	Supplier
Preconditions	An Original Purchase Order must have been sent by Buyer to Supplier. Line items one, two, and three had to have been previously sent from the

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	buyer to the Supplier.
Trigger	None
Step 1.	<p>Buyer enters existing Purchase Order information into their system along new information at the line item and then sends it to the Supplier.</p> <p>Statuses sent within the message:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PurchaseOrderStatusType = "Amendment" • PurchaseOrderHeaderStatusType = "NoAction" • PurchaseOrderLineItemStatusType item1 = "Amended" • PurchaseOrderLineItemStatusType item2 = "Cancelled" • PurchaseOrderLineItemStatusType item3 = "NoAction" • PurchaseOrderLineItemStatusType item4 = "New"

Scenario G

Message	PurchaseOrder
Type	ReservationOrder
Scenario	Buyer issues a multiple-line Reservation PurchaseOrder that is accepted by the Supplier.
Outcome	An original Reservation Order is entered into the Buyer's system and received by the Supplier and may be entered into the Supplier's system.
Initiator	Buyer
Receiver	Supplier
Trigger	None
Step 1.	<p>Buyer enters an original Reservation Purchase Order into their system then sends it to the Supplier. At a minimum, all required elements and corresponding attributes are entered.</p> <p>Statuses sent within the message:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PurchaseOrderStatusType = "Original"

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PurchaseOrderHeaderStatusType = "New" • PurchaseOrderLineItemStatusType = "New" • Note that the Reservation Order may or may not have a Purchase Order Number. If not required between trading partners, the value "Planning Order" may be entered in the Purchase Order Number field.
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Scenario H

Message	PurchaseOrder
Type	ReleaseOrder
Scenario	Buyer issues a multiple-line Release PurchaseOrder that is accepted by the Supplier.
Outcome	An original Release Purchase Order is entered into the Buyer's system and received into the Supplier's system. It is matched against the corresponding ReservationOrder in the supplier system
Initiator	Buyer
Receiver	Supplier
Trigger	None
Step 1.	<p>Buyer enters an original Purchase Order into their system then sends it to the Supplier. At a minimum, all required elements and corresponding attributes are entered.</p> <p>Statuses sent within the message:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PurchaseOrderStatusType = "Original" • PurchaseOrderHeaderStatusType = "New" • PurchaseOrderLineItemStatusType = "New"